STADVANCED COMFA

EXPERT TOOLS FOR QSAR ANALYSIS AND LEAD OPTIMIZATION

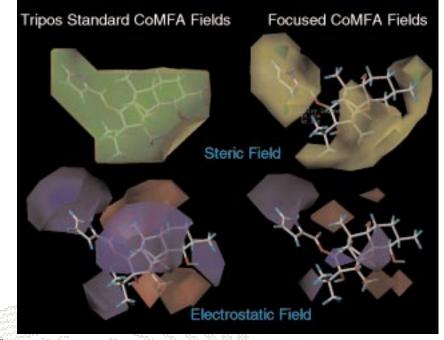
The basic tools needed to build powerful, predictive models of biological activity (or any other property) from molecular structure are provided in SYBYL's QSAR module. These include molecular field generation tools, least-squares (PLS, PCA and SIMCA) and non-linear (hierarchical clustering) analysis tools. The most powerful of these techniques can be extended, and their application automated, using the Advanced CoMFA module. These expert analysis tools allow the capture of more chemical information pertinent to the successful prediction of activity. The expert graphics tools in Advanced CoMFA allow easier communication of results to other team members, and to the larger scientific community.

Features include:

- More field classes and cluster management tools
- Techniques for improving weak models
- Region Focusing to increase model
 resolution and visual clarity
- Enhanced tracking of analysis results
- Ability to survey combinatorial libraries for prospective leads

More Types of Molecular Fields

In addition to steric and electrostatic fields, Advanced CoMFA can calculate several new types of fields. Hydrogen bonding fields¹ are created by assigning energies equal to the steric cutoff energy to lattice



Advanced CoMFA allows focusing of standard steric and electrostatic CoMFA fields on spatial regions which best describe variation in biological activity.

points that are close to H-bond accepting or donating atoms. Indicator fields² are used to convert continuous data to discrete. Parabolic fields are created by squaring the original field at each lattice point, but retaining the sign of the original field.



Increased Accuracy and Clarity

Region Focusing is a new technique that allows you to increase the resolution (decrease the lattice spacing) of CoMFA models without sacrificing predictive ability. Basically, the lattice points in a CoMFA region are weighted to enhance or attenuate their contribution to subsequent analyses. By carefully selecting the weighting parameters and sharpness of focusing, PLS calculations become practical at much finer grid resolutions than ever before.

Region focusing also removes clutter from visual representations, and greatly enhances the clarity of presentations by emphasizing the relevant field regions.

Optimized Leads and Libraries

Lead compounds can be optimized against a CoMFA model by systematically searching for optimal substitution patterns. Combinatorial libraries can be optimized against an established CoMFA model, using a random walk, additive, exhaustive or file-driven search pattern.

Better Management of Clustering Analyses

Hierarchical analysis has been extended in Advanced CoMFA to include better tools for manipulating clusters. In particular, a dendogram can be "cut" at any level of resolution to produce an MSS column. A provision is made for dispersing, or "fuzzifying," these cluster indices to facilitate picking points graphically. Clusters can be nested across several levels of resolution to provide a partial ordering. The cluster columns in the SYBYL/Selector module can also be used for automated selection. Advanced CoMFA supports direct access to cluster memberships, as well as direct output to the Molecular Spreadsheet.

Track Analyses

Advanced CoMFA creates an analysis table, and automatically adds each new analysis. All results and parameters are included, making it easy to compare the results of different analyses. PLS, PCA, SIMCA and hierarchical clustering analy-

ses can be included. Hardware Requirements

SYBYL/Advanced CoMFA is accessible through the SYBYL Molecular Modeling



environment, including native versions for Silicon Graphics' R4000, R5000, and R10000 processors. SYBYL

provides the user-friendly interface, powerful interactive graphing and structural display tools that can be used to access Advanced CoMFA's expert analysis tools.

References

- ¹ R. S. Bohacek, C. McMartin, "Definition and Display of Steric, Hydrophobic, and Hydrogen-Bonding Properties of Ligand Binding Sites in Proteins Using Lee and Richards Accessible Surfaces: Validation of a High-Resolution Tool for Drug Design," *J. Med. Chem.*, (1992) 35, 1671-1684,.
- ² R.T. Kroemer & P. Hecht, "Replacement of steric 6-12 potential-derived interaction energies by atom-based indicator variables in CoMFA leads to models of higher consistency," *J. Comput.-Aided Mol. Design*, (1995) 9, 205-212.

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